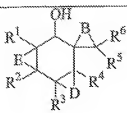
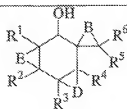


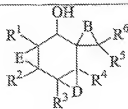
In a particular embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of the formula (V) are the following species:

 (V)								
B	D	E	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
O	O	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	O	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	O	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	O	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me



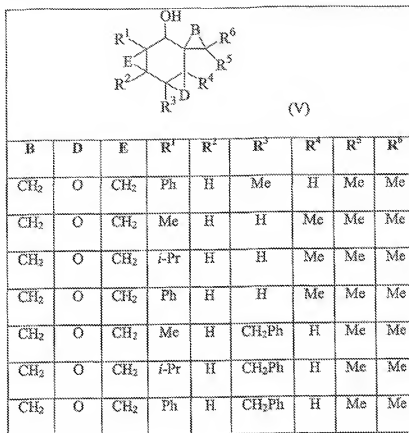
(V)

B	D	E	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
CH ₂	O	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me



(V)

B	D	E	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
CH ₂	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me



In a sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

5 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^8 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

10 $R^1, R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{11}, R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14}, R^{15}, R^{16}, R^{17}, R^{18}$ and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfenyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

15

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$.

5 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is selected from the groups that include CR^7R^8 , O , S or NR^7 ;

G is selected from the groups that include OR^7 , NR^7R^8 or SR^7 .

10 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S).

15 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is O ;

G is OR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

$R^1, R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14}, R^{15}, R^{16}, R^{17}, R^{18}$ and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfenyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

R_1 and R_2, R_2 and R_3, R_3 and R_4, R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR_7R_8, CR_7R_8CR_7R_8, CR_7=CR_8, CR_7R_8O$ and $CR_7R_8NR_7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is O;

G is NR^7R^8 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

$R^1, R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14}, R^{15}, R^{16}, R^{17}, R^{18}$ and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl,

sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

5 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

10 B is O;

G is SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

15 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

20 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

25 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is CR^7R^8 ;

G OR⁷.

5 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

10 $\text{R}^1, \text{R}^2, \text{R}^3, \text{R}^4, \text{R}^5, \text{R}^6, \text{R}^7, \text{R}^8, \text{R}^9, \text{R}^{10}, \text{R}^{12}, \text{R}^{13}, \text{R}^{14}, \text{R}^{15}, \text{R}^{16}, \text{R}^{17}, \text{R}^{18}$ and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, 15 carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ 20 and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is CR^7R^8 ;

G is NR^7R^8 .

25 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide,

a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is CR^7R^8 ;

G is SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodnug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$;

5 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is S;

G is OR^7 .

10 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

15 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfanyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

25 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is S;

G is NR^7R^8 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^8 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^1, R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14}, R^{15}, R^{16}, R^{17}, R^{18}$ and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphoryl, phosphinyl, phosphonyl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is S;

G is SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^1, R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8, R^9, R^{10}, R^{12}, R^{13}, R^{14}, R^{15}, R^{16}, R^{17}, R^{18}$ and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl,

sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NR}^8$ or S);

5 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

10 B is NR^7 ;

G is OR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

15 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NR}^8$ or S);

20 R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NR}^8$ or S);

25 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$;

30 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is NR^7 ;

G is NR^7R^8 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VI) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 , R^9 , R^{10} , R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , R^{15} , R^{16} , R^{17} , R^{18} and R^{19} are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfanyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

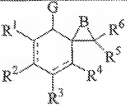
R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$;

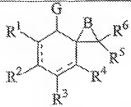
The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is NR^7 ;

G is SR^7 .

In a particular embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of the formula (VI) are the following species:

 (VI)							
G	B	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
OH	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me

 (VI)							
G	B	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
OH	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me

In a sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

5

R¹ is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide,

a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8$, $\text{CR}_7=\text{CR}_8$, $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{NR}^7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is selected from the groups that include CR^7R^8 , O , S or NR^7 ;

A is selected from the groups that include O , NR^7 or S .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected

independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8$, $\text{CR}_7=\text{CR}_8$, $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{NR}_7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is O;

5 A is O.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

10 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

15 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

20 R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8$, $\text{CR}_7=\text{CR}_8$, $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{NR}_7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is O;

25 A is NR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

5 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^3CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^5O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$; and

15 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is O;

A is S.

20 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

25 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7$ and R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

30

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

5 B is CR^7R^8 ;

A is O.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

10 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

15 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

25 B is CR^7R^8 ;

A is NR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

5 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

10 R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

15 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is CR^7R^8 ;

A is S .

20 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

25 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

30

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$;

5 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is S;

A is O.

10 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

15 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

25 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is S;

A is NR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is S;

A is S.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester,

alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is NR^7 ;

A is O .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfenyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

B is NR^7 ;

A is NR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

5 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

10 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphoryl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

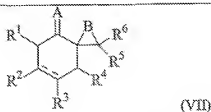
15 R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

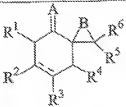
B is NR^7 ;

20 A is S.

In a particular embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of the formula (VII) are the following species:



A	B	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
O	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me

 <p style="text-align: center;">(VII)</p>							
A	B	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
O	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
O	CH ₂	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me

In a sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

- 5 R¹ is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide,

a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8$, $\text{CR}_7=\text{CR}_8$, $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{NR}_9$.

E and B are selected from the groups that include CR^7R^8 , O, S or NR^7 ;

G is selected from the groups that include OR^7 , NR^7R^8 or SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S);

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected

independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8$, $\text{CR}_7=\text{CR}_8$, $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{NR}_7$; and

$\text{B} = \text{O}$, $\text{E} = \text{O}$ and $\text{G} = \text{OR}^7$.

5 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8$, $\text{CR}_7=\text{CR}_8$, $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}_7\text{R}_8\text{NR}_7$.

$\text{B} = \text{O}$, $\text{E} = \text{NR}^8$ and $\text{G} = \text{OR}^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, NR^8 or S).

5 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

10 R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$; and

$B = O, B = CR^7R^8$, and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

15 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

20 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7$ and R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

25 R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$.

$B = O, E = S$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

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10 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

15 R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$; and

$B = O, E = O$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

20 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

25 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

30

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^iR^j groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

5 $B = O$, $E = NR^8$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

10 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

15 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_iR_j groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$;

$B = O$, $E = CR^7R^8$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

25 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

30 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R_1 and R_2, R_2 and R_3, R_3 and R_4, R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR_7R_8, CR_7R_4CR_7R_8, CR_7=CR_8, CR_7R_8O$ and $CR_7R_8NR_7$;

$B = O, E = S$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = CR^7R^8, E = O$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

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$B = CR^7R^8, E = NR^8$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

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5 $B = CR^7R^8$, $E = CR^7R^8$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

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$B = CR^7R^8$, $E = S$, and $G = OR^7$.

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$B = CR^7R^8, E = O$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

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R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = CR^7R^8, E = NR^8$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^5$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^5$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = CR^7R^8, E = CR^7R^8$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

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$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

5 $B = CR^7R^8$, $E = S$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

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20 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = S$, $E = O$ and $G = OR^7$.

25 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^6$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = S, E = NR^8$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = S, E = CR^7R^8$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphoryl, phosphinyl, phosphonyl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^2R^3, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = S, E = S$, and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphoryl, phosphinyl, phosphonyl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

B = S, E = O and G = NR^7R^8 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

B = S, E = NR^8 and G = NR^7R^8 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = S, E = CR^7R^8$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = S, E = S$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = NR^7$, $E = O$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

5 $B = NR^7$, $E = NR^8$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

10 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

15 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = NR^7$, $E = CR^7R^8$ and $G = OR^7$.

25 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

30 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O$, NR^8 or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = NR^7, E = S$ and $G = OR^7$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = NR^7, E = O$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B = NR^7, E = NR^8$ and $G = NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

5 $B=NR^7$, $E=CR^7R^8$ and $G=NR^7R^8$.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (VIII) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug are defined as follows:

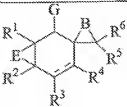
10 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X=O$, NR^8 or S);

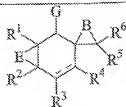
15 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 , R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X=O$, NR^8 or S);

20 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $CR^7R^8CR^7R^8$, $CR^7=CR^8$, CR^7R^8O and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

$B=NR^7$, $E=S$ and $G=NR^7R^8$.

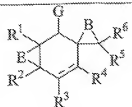
In a particular embodiment of the present invention, the compounds of the formula (VIII) are the following species:

 (VIII)									
G	B	E	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶	
OH	O	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me	
OH	O	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me	
OH	CH ₂	O	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me	
OH	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me	



(VIII)

G	B	E	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
OH	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	CH ₂	O	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Me	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Me	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	Me	H	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Ph	Me	H	H	Me	Me

 <p style="text-align: center;">(VIII)</p>								
G	B	E	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	R ⁵	R ⁶
OH	O	CH ₂	Me	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Ph	H	Me	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Me	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Ph	H	H	Me	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Me	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	<i>i</i> -Pr	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me
OH	O	CH ₂	Ph	H	CH ₂ Ph	H	Me	Me

In a sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

5 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

10 $R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphoryl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester,

alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is selected from the groups that include CR^7R^8 , O, S or NR^7 ;

G is selected from the groups that include OR^7 , NR^7R^8 or SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R_1 and R_2 , R_2 and R_3 , R_3 and R_4 , R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR_7R_8 , $CR_7R_8CR_7R_8$, $CR_7=CR_8$, CR_7R_8O and $CR_7R_8NR_7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is O;

G is OR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

R_1 and R_2, R_2 and R_3, R_3 and R_4, R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR_7R_8, CR_7R_8CR_7R_8, CR_7=CR_8, CR_7R_8O$ and $CR_7R_8NR_7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is O;

G is NR^7R^8 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S).

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl,

heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NR}^8$ or S);

- 5 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

- 10 E is O;

G is SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

- 15 R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NR}^8$ or S).

- 20 R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , R^7 and R^8 are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($\text{X} = \text{O}, \text{NR}^8$ or S).

- 25 R^1 and R^2 , R^2 and R^3 , R^3 and R^4 , R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR^7R^8 , $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8$, $\text{CR}^7=\text{CR}^8$, $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{O}$ and $\text{CR}^7\text{R}^8\text{NR}^7$.

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is CR^7R^8 ;

G OR⁷.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

5 R¹ is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR⁷ (X = O, NR⁸ or S);

10 R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR⁷ (X = O, NR⁸ or S);

15 R¹ and R², R² and R³, R³ and R⁴, R⁴ and R⁵ and R⁵ and R⁶ can also each be comprised of one or two CR⁷R⁸ groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR⁷R⁸, CR⁷R⁸CR₇R⁸, CR⁷=CR⁸, CR⁷R⁸O and CR⁷R⁸NR⁷; and

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

20 E is CR⁷R⁸;

G is NR⁷R⁸.

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

25 R¹ is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR⁷ (X = O, NR⁸ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is CR^7R^8 ;

G is SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R_1 and R_2, R_2 and R_3, R_3 and R_4, R_4 and R_5 and R_5 and R_6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR_7R_8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR_7R_8, CR_7R_8CR_7R_8, CR_7=CR_8, CR_7R_8O$ and $CR_7R_8NR_7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is S;

G is OR⁷.

5 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R¹ is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR⁷ (X = O, NR⁸ or S);

10 R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfanyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphoryl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR⁷ (X = O, NR⁸ or S);

15 R¹ and R², R² and R³, R³ and R⁴, R⁴ and R⁵ and R⁵ and R⁶ can also each be comprised of one or two CR⁷R⁸ groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include CR⁷R⁸, CR⁷R⁸CR⁷R⁸, CR⁷=CR⁸, CR⁷R⁸O and CR⁷R⁸NR⁷;

20 The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is S;

G is NR⁷R⁸.

25 In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R¹ is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide,

a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected independently from groups that include $CR^7R^8, CR^7R^8CR^7R^8, CR^7=CR^8, CR^7R^8O$ and $CR^7R^8NR^7$;

The dotted line indicates the presence of either a single or double bond;

E is S;

G is SR^7 .

In another sub-embodiment, a structure of the formula (IX) is given wherein the compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrug is defined as follows:

R^1 is selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

$R^2, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7, R^8$ are selected independently from the groups that include hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkaryl, arylalkyl, heterocyclic, sulfonyl, sulfanyl, sulfinyl, sulfamonyl, carboxylic acid, amide, nitro, cyano, azide, phosphonyl, phosphinyl, phosphoryl, phosphine, carbamate, ester, alkcarbonyl, carbonyl, halide, a residue of a natural or synthetic amino acid, or carbohydrate or XR^7 ($X = O, NR^8$ or S);

R^1 and R^2, R^2 and R^3, R^3 and R^4, R^4 and R^5 and R^5 and R^6 can also each be comprised of one or two CR^7R^8 groups, connected by a tether, selected